CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES F EUR ACC





LOWI	R RISK			ŀ	HIGHER	RISK
1	2	3*	4	5	6	7

LUXEMBOURG SICAV SUB-FUND

LU0992627298 Monthly Factsheet - 30/04/2025

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

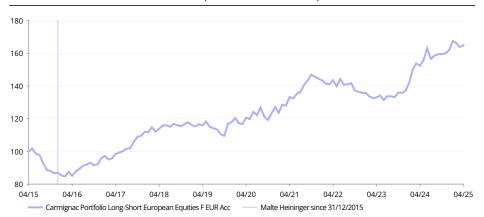
European Long/Short Equity fund with an actively managed net equity exposure ranging between -20% and 50%. The Fund aims to generate alpha through the combination of long and short positions, while following a flexible and active management. The Fund seeks to achieve a positive absolute return over a 3-year investment horizon.

Fund management analysis can be found on P.3

PERFORMANCE

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Performances are net of fees (excluding possible entrance fees charged by the distributor).

FUND PERFORMANCE OVER 10 YEARS (Basis 100 - Net of fees)



CUMULATIVE AND ANNUALIZED PERFORMANCE (as of 30/04/2025 - Net of fees)

	Cun	Cumulative Performance (%)				nualised Pe	erformance	(%)
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since 31/12/2015
F EUR Acc	8.23	14.96	36.62	64.98	4.75	6.44	5.13	7.1

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE (%) (Net of fees)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
F EUR Acc	17.96	0.72	-5.72	13.57	7.42	0.32	5.15	16.73	9.99	-7.67

STATISTICS (%)

Calculation: Weekly basis

3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
6.5	7.6	7.5
0.3	0.7	0.6
-0.0	0.1	0.1
0.5	0.9	0.9
	Years 6.5 0.3 -0.0	Years Years 6.5 7.6 0.3 0.7 -0.0 0.1

VAR

Fund VaR 3.2%





M. Heininger

KEY FIGURES

let Equity Exposure	17.4%
hort Equity Issuers	54
ong Equity Issuers	33

FUND

S

SFDR Fund Classification: Article 8

Domicile: Luxembourg **Fund Type:** UCITS **Legal Form:** SICAV

SICAV Name: Carmignac Portfolio

Investment Manager: White Creek Capital LLP

Fiscal Year End: 31/12

Subscription/Redemption: Daily

Order Placement Cut-Off Time: Before 15:00

(CET/CEST)

Fund Inception Date: 15/11/2013 Fund AUM: 599M€ / 681M\$ (1) Fund Currency: EUR

SHARE

Dividend Policy: Accumulation
Date of 1st NAV: 15/11/2013
Base Currency: EUR
Share class AUM: 184M€
NAV (share): 178.90€

Morningstar Category™: Long/Short Equity -

Europe



FUND MANAGER(S)

Malte Heininger since 01/01/2016

OTHER ESG CHARACTERISTICS

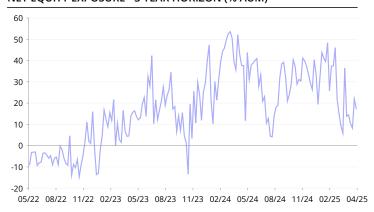
Minimum % Taxonomy Alignment	0%
Minimum % Sustainable Investments .	0%
Principal Adverse Impact Indicators	Yes

CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO LONG-SHORT EUROPEAN EQUITIES FEUR ACC

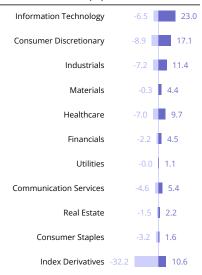
PORTFOLIO BREAKDOWN

Equity Long Exposure 91.0% Equity Short Exposure -73.6% Equity Net Exposure 17.4% Equity Gross Exposure 164.6%

NET EQUITY EXPOSURE - 3 YEAR HORIZON (% AUM) (1)



SECTORIAL EXPOSURE (%)

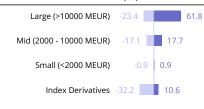


GEOGRAPHICAL EXPOSURE (%)

Short



CAPITALISATION EXPOSURE (%)



TOP NET EXPOSURE - LONG

Name	Country	Sector / Rating	%
FRESENIUS SE & CO KGAA	Germany	Healthcare	8.9%
SAP SE	Germany	Information Technology	8.5%
PRADA SPA	Italy	Consumer Discretionary	5.7%
AIR LIQUIDE SA	France	Materials	4.4%
ASR NEDERLAND NV	Netherlands	Financials	4.3%
PROSUS NV	China	Consumer Discretionary	4.0%
ASM INTERNATIONAL NV	Netherlands	Information Technology	3.9%
SCHIBSTED ASA	Norway	Communication Services	3.1%
OSRAM LICHT AG	Germany	Industrials	3.1%
CIE FINANCIERE RICHEMONT SA	Switzerland	Consumer Discretionary	3.0%
Total			48.9%

TOP NET EXPOSURE - SHORT

Long

Region	Sector	%
Denmark	Healthcare	-2.6%
France	Consumer Discretionary	-2.3%
Luxembourg	Consumer Staples	-1.8%
Sweden	Real Estate	-1.5%
USA	Consumer Discretionary	-1.4%
Canada	Communication Services	-1.3%
United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	-1.3%
USA	Industrials	-1.3%
United Kingdom	Communication Services	-1.1%
Switzerland	Financials	-1.1%
Total		-15.7%

FUND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS





- April was one of the most volatile months for global markets, since the 2020 Covid crisis, largely influenced
 by geopolitical and economic developments.
- "Liberation day" on April 2nd kicked off the month with a huge spike in volatility, as significant duties on imports were introduced.
- The uncertainty over Trump's chaotic tariff strategy, his mass firings of federal employees and a sometimes disdain for the US Constitution have unnerved investors.
- Both the S&P 500 and the Nasdaq briefly entered bear market territory earlier in the month, while European markets faced challenges from a surging euro, which threatened exports.
- The ECB cut its rates to 2.25%, citing exceptional uncertainty and trade tensions.



PERFORMANCE COMMENTARY

- In April, the fund posted a positive performance, driven by our Long book and our Hedging.
- Our Core Longs suffered from the broader market selloff, as investors' sentiment stayed negative on the trade tensions between the US and the rest of the world. Prada and Richemont were our worst detractors.
- Prada, which has been one of our top contributors since we implemented the position in early 2020, was our biggest detractor. The stock dropped 10% during the month on tariffs' uncertainty and the potential €1.5 billion acquisition of Versace. On April 30th, they reported a 13% increase in Q1 revenue thanks to Miu Miu's growth, the best sales growth seen so far in the sector. We stay positive on the fundamentals and the execution of the management team and see the stock as significantly undervalued at this level.
- Our Trading Longs had a positive contribution to our performance, driven by Deliveroo and Fresenius. Deliveroo released its Q1 trading update with accelerating order growth and received a £2.7bn acquisition offer from DoorDash, the US takeaway food leader. The stock was up about 30% during the month.
- On the Short side, our Alpha Shorts detracted from performance, as Tech and cyclical stocks rallied midmonth on tariff easing.



- The net exposure of the strategy stayed low throughout the month, as the overall market volatility stayed elevated, and we remained constructive on the shorts.
- We keep strong convictions on the Long side in European companies excelling globally and benefiting from local monopolies.
- These include industries such as luxury goods, specialty engineering, ERP software, specialty chemicals, medical technology, aerospace and defense, and classifieds.
- We believe Europe presents for the first time in a long time a very attractive entry point, with a risk/reward skewed to the upside thanks to several factors we discuss in our latest quarterly letter.
- Germany has removed the fiscal drag which has weighted on Europe for more than a decade and the upcoming defense and infrastructure historic investment plan will have a profound impact on the overall region.
- On the short side, we continue to find many new names in the Consumer and Technology spaces with poor balance sheets and deteriorating fundamentals, bringing tightened margins and profit warnings.





PORTFOLIO ESG SUMMARY

This financial product is classified Article 8 of the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR"). The binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product are:

- ESG analysis applied to at least 90% of the long equity portfolio,
- Long Equity portfolio universe is actively reduced,
- 30% of carbon emissions lower than the aforementioned composite benchmark as measured by carbon intensity.

PORTFOLIO ESG COVERAGE

Source: Carmignac

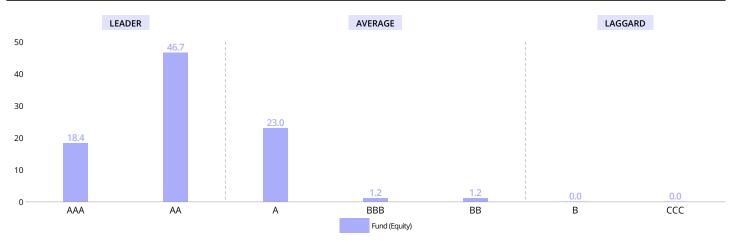
Number of issuers in the portfolio 27
Number of issuers rated 27
Coverage Rate 100.0%

ESG SCORE

Carmignac Portfolio Long-Short European Equities F EUR Acc

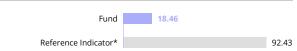
Source: MSCI ESG

MSCI ESG SCORE PORTFOLIO



Source: MSCI ESG Score. ESG Leaders represent companies rated AAA and AA by MSCI. ESG Average represent companies rated A, BBB, and BB by MSCI. ESG Laggards represent companies rated B and CCC by MSCI. Portfolio ESG Coverage: 63.3%

CARBON EMISSION INTENSITY (T CO2E/USD MN REVENUES) converted to Euro



Source: MSCI, 30/04/2025. The reference indicator of each Fund is hypothetically invested with identical assets under management as the respective Carmignac equity funds and calculated for total carbon emissions and per million Euro of revenues.

Carbon emissions figures are based on MSCI data. The analysis is conducted using estimated or declared data measuring Scope 1 and Scope 2 carbon emissions, excluding cash and holdings for which carbon emissions are not available. To determine carbon intensity, the amount of carbon emissions in tonnes of CO2 is calculated and expressed per million dollar of revenues (converted to Euro). This is a normalized measure of a portfolio's contribution to climate change that enables comparisons with a reference indicator, between multiple portfolios and over time, regardless of portfolio size

Please refer to the glossary for more information on the calculation methodology

TOP 5 ESG RATED PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

Company	Weight	ESG Rating
ADIDAS AG	1.2%	AAA
PROSUS NV	4.0%	AA
ASM INTERNATIONAL NV	3.9%	AA
OSRAM LICHT AG	3.1%	AA
GEBERIT AG	1.3%	AA
Source: MSCI ESG		

^{*} Reference Indicator: 75% MSCI Europe index + 25% S&P 500. For more information regarding product disclosure, please refer to the Sustainability-related Disclosures in accordance with Article 10 available on the Fund's webpage.



GLOSSARY

Alpha: Alpha measures the performance of a portfolio compared to its reference indicator. Negative alpha means the fund performed less well than its reference indicator (e.g. if the indicator increased by 10% in one year and the fund increased by only 6%, its alpha is -4). Positive alpha means the fund performed better than its reference indicator (e.g. if the indicator increased by 6% in one year and the fund increased by 10%, its alpha is 4).

Beta: Beta measures the relationship between the fluctuations of the net asset values of the fund and the fluctuations of the levels of its reference indicator. Beta of less than 1 indicates that the fund "cushions" the fluctuations of its index (beta = 0.6 means that the fund increases by 6% if the index increases by 10% and decreases by 6% if the index falls by 10%). Beta higher than 1 indicates that the fund "magnifies" the fluctuations of its reference indicator (beta = 1.4 means that the fund increases by 14% when the index increases by 10% but also decreases by 14% when the index decreases by 10%). Beta of less than 0 indicates that the fund reacts inversely to the fluctuations of its reference indicator (beta = -0.6 means that the fund falls by 6% when the index increases by 10% and vice versa).

Capitalisation: A company's stock market value at any given moment. It is obtained by multiplying the number of shares of a company by its stock exchange price.

Duration: A bond's duration is the period beyond which interest rate variations will no longer affect its return. The duration is like a discounted average lifetime of all flows (interest and capital).

FCP: Fonds commun de placement (French common fund).

High yield: A loan or bond rated below investment grade because of its higher default risk. The return on these securities is generally higher.

Investment grade: A loan or bond that rating agencies have rated AAA to BBB-, generally indicating relatively low default risk.

Investment/net exposure rate: The investment rate constitutes the volume of assets invested expressed as a percentage of the portfolio. Adding the impact of the derivatives to this investment rate results in the net exposure rate, which corresponds to the real percentage of asset exposure to a certain risk. Derivatives can be used to increase the underlying asset's exposure (stimulation) or reduce it (hedging).

Modified duration: A bond's modified duration measures the risk attached to a given change in the interest rate. Modified duration of +2 means that for an instantaneous 1% rate increase, the portfolio's value would drop by 2%.

Net asset value: Price of all units (in an FCP) or shares (in a SICAV).

Rating: The rating measures the creditworthiness of a borrower (bond issuer).

Sharpe ratio: The Sharpe ratio measures the excess return over the risk-free rate divided by the standard deviation of this return. It thus shows the marginal return per unit of risk. When it is positive, the higher the Sharpe ratio, the more risk-taking is rewarded. A negative Sharpe ratio does not necessarily mean that the portfolio posted a negative performance, but rather that it performed worse than a risk-free investment.

SICAV: Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable (Open-ended investment company with variable capital)

VaR: Value at Risk (VaR) represents an investor's maximum potential loss on the value of a financial asset portfolio, based on a holding period (20 days) and confidence interval (99%). This potential loss is expressed as a percentage of the portfolio's total assets. It is calculated on the basis of a sample of historical data (over a two-year period).

Volatility: Range of price variation of a security, fund, market or index, which enables the measurement of risk over a given period. It is determined using the standard deviation obtained by calculating the square root of the variance. The variance is obtained by calculating the average deviation from the mean, which is then squared. The greater the volatility, the greater the risk.

ESG DEFINITIONS & METHODOLOGY

ESG: E for Environment, S for Social, G for Governance

ESG score Calculation: Only the Equity and Corporate Bond holdings of the fund considered. Overall Fund Rating calculated using MSCI Fund ESG Quality Score methodology: excluding cash and non ESG-rated holdings, performing a weighted average of the normalized weights of the holdings and the Industry-Adjusted Score of the holdings, multiplied by (1+Adjustment%) which consists of the weight of positively trending ESG ratings minus the weight of ESG Laggards minus the weight of negatively trending ESG ratings. For a detailed explanation see "MSCI ESG Fund Ratings Methodology", Section 2.3. Updated June 2023. https://www.msci.com/documents/1296102/34424357/MSCI+ESG+Fund+Ratings+Methodology.pdf

MSCI methodology: MSCI uses company disclosed emissions where available. In the instance these are not available, they use their proprietary model to estimate emissions. The model has three distinct modules, production model (used for power-generating utilities), company-specific intensity model (used for companies that have reported carbon emissions data in the past but not for all years), & industry segment-specific intensity model (used for companies that have not reported any carbon emissions data in the past). For further information, please visit MSCI's latest "Climate Change Metrics Methodology" document.

Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI): Negative, material, or potentially material effects on sustainability factors that result from, worsen, or are directly related to investment choices or advice performed by a legal entity. Examples include GHG emissions and carbon footprint.

Scope 1: Greenhouse gas emissions generated from burning fossil fuels and production processes which are owned or controlled by the company.

Scope 2: Greenhouse gas emissions from consumption of purchased electricity, heat or steam by the company.

Scope 3: Other indirect Greenhouse gas emissions, such as from the extraction and production of purchased materials and fuels, transport-related activities in vehicles not owned or controlled by the reporting entity, electricity-related activities (e.g. T&D losses) not covered in Scope 2, outsourced activities, waste disposal, etc.

SFDR Articles - Fund Classification: Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation, an EU Act that requires asset managers to classify funds into categories: "Article 8" funds promote environmental and social characteristics, "Article 9" funds have sustainable investments as a measurable objective.

Sustainable Investments: The SFDR defines sustainable investment as an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

Taxonomy Alignment: In the context of an individual company, taxonomy alignment is defined as the proportion of a company's revenue that comes from activities that meet certain environmental criteria. In the context of an individual fund or portfolio, alignment is defined as the portfolio-weight weighted average taxonomy alignment of included companies. For more information, please follow this link:

 $https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/default/files/business_economy_euro/banking_and_finance/documents/sustainable-finance-taxonomy-faq_en.pdf$



CHARACTERISTICS

Share Class	Date of 1st NAV	Bloomberg	ISIN	Management Fee	Entry costs ⁽¹⁾	Exit costs ⁽²⁾	Management fees and other administrative or operating costs ⁽³⁾		Performance fees ⁽⁵⁾	Minimum Initial Subscription ⁽⁶⁾
A EUR Acc	19/11/2015	CEPAEAC LX	LU1317704051	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.8%	1.05%	20%	-
F EUR Acc	15/11/2013	CARPPFE LX	LU0992627298	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.15%	1.05%	20%	_
F CHF Acc Hdg	15/11/2013	CARPPFC LX	LU0992627371	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.15%	1.14%	20%	_
F USD Acc Hdg	15/11/2013	CARPPFU LX	LU0992627538	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.15%	1.13%	20%	_
F GBP Acc Hdg	15/11/2013	CARPPFG LX	LU0992627454	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.15%	1.16%	20%	_
E EUR Acc	19/11/2015	CEPEEAC LX	LU1317704135	Max. 2.25%	_	_	2.55%	1.05%	20%	_

(1) of the amount you pay in when entering this investment. This is the most you will be charged. Carmignac Gestion doesn't charge any entry fee. The person selling you the product will inform you of the actual charge.
(2) We do not charge an exit fee for this product.

MAIN RISKS OF THE FUND

RISK ASSOCIATED WITH THE LONG/SHORT STRATEGY: This risk is linked to long and/or short positions designed to adjust net market exposure. The fund may suffer high losses if its long and short positions undergo simultaneous unfavourable development in opposite directions. EQUITY: The Fund may be affected by stock price variations, the scale of which is dependent on external factors, stock trading volumes or market capitalization. INTEREST RATE: Interest rate risk results in a decline in the net asset value in the event of changes in interest rates. CURRENCY: Currency risk is linked to exposure to a currency other than the Fund's valuation currency, either through direct investment or the use of forward financial instruments.

The Fund presents a risk of loss of capital.

IMPORTANT LEGAL INFORMATION

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⁽³⁾ of the value of your investment per year. This estimate is based on actual costs over the past year.
(4) of the value of your investment per year. This is an estimate of the costs incurred when we buy and sell the investments underlying the product. The actual amount varies depending on the quantity we buy and sell.

⁽⁵⁾ max. of the outperformance if the performance is positive and the net asset value exceeds the high-water mark. The actual amount will vary depending on how well your investment performs. The aggregated cost estimation above includes the average over the last 5 years, or since the product creation if it is less than 5 years.

(6) Please refer to the prospectus for the minimum subsequent subscription amounts. The prospectus is available on the website: www.carmignac.com.