Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 9(1) to (4a), of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 5, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: CARMIGNAC EMERGENTS

Legal entity identifier: 969500VVKKCHDLC43L73

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable**

economic activities.

That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Sustainable investment objective

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?		
•	* Yes	No
×	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: 5% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of % of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
×	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective: 35%	It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

What is the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

The fund's sustainable investment objective consists in investing at least 80% of net assets in companies deemed to be aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. The minimum levels of sustainable investments with environmental and social objectives are 5% and 35% of the fund's net assets, respectively.

An investment/issuer is aligned when at least one of the following three thresholds is reached:

- a. **Goods and services:** at least 50% of their revenue derives from goods or services linked to at least one of the following nine United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, out of 17: (1) No poverty, (2) Zero hunger, (3) Good health and well-being, (4) Quality education, (6) Clean water and sanitation, (7) Affordable and clean energy, (9) Industry, innovation and infrastructure, (11) Sustainable cities and communities and (12) Responsible consumption and production; or
- b. Capital expenditure (CapEx): at least 30% of capital expenditure is on business activities related to at least one of the following nine United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, out of 17: (1) No poverty, (2) Zero hunger, (3) Good health and well-being, (4) Quality education, (6) Clean water and sanitation, (7) Affordable and clean energy, (9) Industry, innovation and infrastructure, (11) Sustainable cities and communities and (12) Responsible consumption and production; or

c. Operations:

- i. The issuer is given "aligned" status, in terms of operational alignment, for at least three of the 17 United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, determined on the basis of evidence provided by the issuer regarding its policies, practices and objectives in line with these Sustainable Development Goals. "Aligned" status corresponds to an operational alignment score higher than or equal to +2 (on a scale from -10 to +10), as determined by the external rating provider selected by the management company; and
- ii. The issuer has not been given "non-aligned" status, for operational alignment, on any of the 17 United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. "Non-aligned" status corresponds to an operational alignment score of less than or equal to -2 (on a scale from -10 to +10), as determined by the external rating provider selected by the management company.

These thresholds represent significant commitment from the issuer with respect to its contribution. To find out more about the United Nations sustainable development goals, please visit https://sdgs.un.org/goals.

Additional information on methodology:

First of all, in order to determine which companies are aligned **in terms of goods and services and CapEx**, the management company has identified a robust company classification system and mapped 1,700 different business activities. Furthermore, the management company uses the "SDG Compass", a resource created by the GRI ("Global Reporting Initiative"), the United Nations Global Compact and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development, to identify the business activities that contribute to each Sustainable Development Goal. Carmignac has also created "investable themes" corresponding to business activities. The management company filters each business activity in the classification system on the basis of these themes, sorting the relevant business activities into Carmignac's "investable themes" and using sustainable development goal targets to verify their suitability. This approach has been reviewed by members of the Responsible Investment teams.

Then, to determine which issuers are aligned **for Operations**, the management company uses an external rating methodology to create an indicative operational alignment filter. Each issuer is assessed on each of the 17 United Nations Sustainable Development Goals and its performance is rated on a scale of -10 to +10 for each of these Sustainable Development Goals. To calculate this score, for each Sustainable Development Goal there are (1) positive indicators linked to policies, initiatives and objectives with specific key performance indicators, which result in positive additions to the score, (2) negative indicators linked to controversies or adverse impacts, which result in subtractions from the score, and (3) performance indicators which assess the trajectory of the issuer's performance and which can increase or reduce the score. The three above-mentioned assessments are combined into a final score for each sustainable development goal on the above scale of -10 to +10. This means that each issuer receives 17 scores, one for each sustainable development goal, ranging from -10 to +10.

The above rating scale is subdivided into five result categories:

- Score above 5.0: strongly aligned;
- Score between 2.0 and 5.0 (inclusive): aligned;
- Score below 2.0 and above -2.0: neutral;
- Score below or equal to -2.0 and higher than -10: non-aligned;
- Score of -10: strongly non-aligned.

Once the alignment threshold is reached for goods and services, CapEx, and/or operations, the total weight of that holding is considered to be aligned.

In addition, the fund contributes, through its investments, to the following environmental objectives: climate change mitigation and climate change adaptation. The fund does not have a carbon footprint reduction target aligned with the Paris Agreement, but it does seek to achieve a monthly measurement of carbon intensity (tCO₂/\$m of revenue converted into euro, aggregated at portfolio level (scopes 1 and 2 of the GHG Protocol)) 50% lower than that of its reference benchmark, which is the MSCI EM (USD) index, net dividends reinvested, converted into EUR.

The fund has no designated reference benchmark for demonstrating the attainment of the sustainable investment objective. This is an absolute objective to invest at least 80% of net assets in companies that are aligned with one of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals in relation to the pre-defined revenue, CapEx, or operational alignment thresholds.

Attainment of the sustainable investment objective is ensured on an ongoing basis through monitoring and controls, which are published on a monthly basis at www.carmignac.com.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

This fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of its sustainable investment objective:

1) Coverage rate of ESG analysis: ESG integration, through ESG rating via Carmignac's proprietary "START" (System for Tracking and Analysis of a Responsible Trajectory) platform, which includes in-house and external ESG scores, is applied to at least 90% of securities (excluding cash and derivatives).

- **2) Reduction of the investment universe** (at least 20% of the portfolio's equity component, and of the corporate bond component where applicable):
 - i. **Exclusions at management company level:** unsustainable activities and practices are identified using an approach based on international standards and rules in the following areas: (a) controversies concerning the OECD Guidelines, the International Labour Organization (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, and the principles of the United Nations Global Compact, (b) controversial weapons, (c) thermal coal production, (d) energy producers, (e) tobacco, (f) adult entertainment.
 - ii. **Exclusions specific to the fund:** extended or stricter exclusions include the oil and gas sector, conventional weapons, alcohol, energy production, thermal coal production (strict exclusion), companies involved in factory farming, and companies on the list published by *People for the Ethical Treatment of Animals* ("PETA") of companies that test their products on animals, as well as those that do not have a permanent policy banning animal testing. The investment universe is reduced even further by excluding companies that are not aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, identified using the method set out above.
- 3) Alignment with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals: at least 80% of the fund's net assets are invested in the equities of companies that are positively aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals taken into consideration. The minimum levels of sustainable investments with environmental and social objectives are 5% and 35% of the fund's net assets, respectively.
- **4) Active stewardship:** companies' environmental and social engagement efforts contributing to heightened awareness and improvement in companies' sustainable development policies are measured using the following indicators: (a) level of active engagement and voting policies, (b) number of engagement efforts, (c) voting rate and (d) participation in shareholder (or bondholder) meetings.
- **5) Low-carbon target:** The fund also seeks to achieve carbon emissions 50% lower than those of its reference benchmark (MSCI EM (USD), net dividends reinvested, converted into EUR), measured on a monthly basis by carbon intensity (tCO2/\$m of revenue converted into euro, aggregated at portfolio level (scopes 1 and 2 of the GHG Protocol)).
- 6) Principal adverse impacts PAI: as regards monitoring principal adverse impacts, and in accordance with Annex 1 to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288, the fund monitors 16 mandatory environmental and social indicators, and 2 optional indicators to demonstrate the impact of sustainable investments with respect to these indicators: greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, carbon footprint, GHG intensity of investee companies, exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector, share of non-renewable energy consumption and production, energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector, activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas, emissions to water, hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio, water usage and recycling (optional choice), violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, unadjusted gender pay gap, board gender diversity, exposure to controversial weapons, excessive pay ratio (optional choice). Sovereign issuers are monitored for violations of social norms with respect to their GHG intensity.

How do sustainable investments not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The management company uses the following mechanisms to ensure that the fund's responsible investments do not cause significant harm to any of the environmental or social sustainable investment objectives:

- **1) Reduction of the investment universe** (minimum 20% of the portfolio's equity and corporate bond components):
 - i) Exclusions at management company level: unsustainable activities and practices are identified using an approach based on international standards and rules in the following areas: (a) controversies concerning the OECD Guidelines, the International Labour Organization (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, and the principles of the United Nations Global Compact, (b) controversial weapons, (c) thermal coal production, (d) energy producers, (e) tobacco, (f) adult entertainment.
 - iii) Negative screening specific to the fund: extended or stricter exclusions include the oil and gas sector, conventional weapons, alcohol, energy production, thermal coal production (strict exclusion), companies involved in factory farming, and companies on the list published by People for the Ethical Treatment of Animals ("PETA") of companies that test their products on animals, as well as those that do not have a permanent policy banning animal testing. The investment universe is reduced even further by excluding companies that are not aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, identified using the method set out above.
 - 2) Active stewardship: companies' ESG engagement efforts contributing to a heightened awareness and improvement in companies' sustainable development policies are measured using the following indicators: (a) level of active engagement and voting policies, (b) number of engagement efforts, (c) voting rate and (d) participation in shareholder (or bondholder) meetings.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

Indicators for adverse impacts are monitored on a quarterly basis. Adverse impacts are identified based on severity. After discussion with the investment team concerned, a plan of action including an execution schedule is drawn up.

In general, dialogue with the company is the preferred plan of action in order to influence the mitigation of adverse impacts by the company concerned. In such cases, engagement with the company is included in Carmignac's quarterly engagement plan, in accordance with Carmignac's engagement policy. Divestment may be an option, with an exit strategy determined in advance within the limits of this policy.

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

The management company applies a screening process for controversies regarding the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights to all of the fund's investments.

The management company acts in accordance with the principles of the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC), the International Labour Organization (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) guidelines allowing multinational enterprises to assess the standards applicable to them, including, but not limited to, violations of human rights, employment law and standard practices relating to climate.

The fund applies a controversy screening process to all its investments. Companies implicated in major controversies regarding the environment, human rights and international employment law, among other infractions, are excluded. The screening process identifies controversies on the basis of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the principles of the United Nations Global Compact. This is generally referred to as "standards-based screening" and it includes restrictive screening controlled and measured using Carmignac's proprietary ESG system "START". Company controversies are researched and rated using data extracted from the ISS ESG database.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, the management company is committed to applying the regulatory technical standards (RTS) referred to in Annex 1 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288, which define 16 mandatory environmental and social indicators, and two optional indicators to demonstrate the impact of sustainable investments with respect to these indicators: greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, carbon footprint, GHG intensity of investee companies, exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector, share of nonrenewable energy consumption and production, energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector, activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas, emissions to water, hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio, water usage and recycling (optional choice), violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, unadjusted gender pay gap, board gender diversity, exposure to controversial weapons, excessive pay ratio (optional choice). To mitigate the adverse impacts detected, a more in-depth assessment is carried out to

To mitigate the adverse impacts detected, a more in-depth assessment is carried out to identify a strategy for engaging with or potentially divesting from the company, as set out in Carmignac's engagement and principal adverse impacts policies.

The principal adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors are set out in table 1 (in accordance with Annex 1 to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288) of Carmignac's policy on this subject. This information is disclosed in the annual reports.

No



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

At least 60% of the fund's net assets are exposed to equity markets, with no restrictions by region or capitalisation type. Up to 40% of net assets may be invested in bonds, transferable debt securities and money market instruments. At least two thirds of the issuers of equities and bonds held by the fund have their registered office, conduct the majority of their business, or have business development prospects in emerging (including frontier) countries. Up to 30% of the Fund's net assets may be invested in Chinese domestic securities.

As regards its sustainable investment objective, the fund invests at least 80% of net assets in the equities of companies aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals: The minimum levels of sustainable investments with environmental and social objectives are 5% and 35% of the fund's net assets, respectively.

An investment/issuer is aligned when at least one of the following three thresholds is reached:

- i. **Goods and services:** at least 50% of their revenue derives from goods or services linked to at least one of the following nine United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, out of 17: (1) No poverty, (2) Zero hunger, (3) Good health and well-being, (4) Quality education, (6) Clean water and sanitation, (7) Affordable and clean energy, (9) Industry, innovation and infrastructure, (11) Sustainable cities and communities and (12) Responsible consumption and production; or
- ii. Capital expenditure (CapEx): at least 30% of capital expenditure is on business activities related to at least one of the following nine United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, out of 17: (1) No poverty, (2) Zero hunger, (3) Good health and well-being, (4) Quality education, (6) Clean water and sanitation, (7) Affordable and clean energy, (9) Industry, innovation and infrastructure, (11) Sustainable cities and communities and (12) Responsible consumption and production; or

iii. Operations:

- a. The issuer is given "aligned" status, in terms of operational alignment, for at least three of the 17 United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, determined on the basis of evidence provided by the issuer regarding its policies, practices and objectives in line with these Sustainable Development Goals. "Aligned" status corresponds to an operational alignment score higher than or equal to +2 (on a scale from -10 to +10), as determined by the external rating provider selected by the management company; and
- b. The issuer has not been given "non-aligned" status, for operational alignment, on any of the 17 United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. "Non-aligned" status corresponds to an operational alignment score of below or equal to -2 (on a scale from -10 to +10), as determined by the external rating provider selected by the management company.

These thresholds represent significant commitment from the issuer with respect to its contribution. To find out more about the United Nations sustainable development goals, please visit https://sdgs.un.org/goals.

The investment universe is assessed in light of the ESG risks and opportunities recorded in Carmignac's proprietary ESG platform, START. Non-financial analysis is applied as part of the investment strategy through the following processes, which actively reduce the fund's equity and corporate bond investment universe by at least 20%. The full procedure for

reducing the investment universe is described in the corresponding transparency codes, which are available in the "Responsible Investment" section at www.carmignac.com. The initial investment universe prior to the reduction is the MSCI EM index.

The investment universe is reduced as follows:

- i) **Exclusions at management company level:** unsustainable activities and practices are identified using an approach based on international standards and rules in the following areas: (a) controversies concerning the OECD Guidelines, the International Labour Organization (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, and the principles of the United Nations Global Compact, (b) controversial weapons, (c) thermal coal production, (d) energy producers, (e) tobacco, (f) adult entertainment.
- ii) **Negative screening specific to the fund:** extended or stricter exclusions include the oil and gas sector, conventional weapons, alcohol, energy production, thermal coal production (strict exclusion), companies involved in factory farming, and companies on the list published by *People for the Ethical Treatment of Animals* ("PETA") of companies that test their products on animals, as well as those that do not have a permanent policy banning animal testing. The investment universe is reduced even further by excluding companies that are not aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, identified using the method set out above.

Before the investment universe is reduced as described above, the equity and corporate bond universes are reweighted to eliminate any biases that could result in significant differences between the composition of the indices constituting these universes and that of the fund's portfolio. The two investment universes are reweighted using the fund's average historical weightings, observed over the past five years (corresponding to the recommended investment horizon). Each issuer is reweighted using the fund's historical weightings by sector, geographical region (emerging markets/developed markets) and capitalisation (small/mid/large), in order to represent the fund's sectoral, geographical and capitalisation rotations as accurately as possible. These weightings are rounded to the nearest whole number and reviewed by the management company on an annual basis.

The fund cannot invest more than 10% of its net assets outside its investment universe after the reduction (by at least 20%).

In addition, the aim of shareholder engagement with companies on environmental and social matters is to improve their sustainability policies (level of active engagement and voting policies, number of engagements, rate of attendance at shareholder and bondholder meetings in relation to the 100% target).

Lastly, the fund seeks to achieve carbon emissions 50% lower than those of its reference benchmark (MSCI EM (USD), net dividends reinvested, converted into EUR), measured on a monthly basis by carbon intensity (tCO2/\$m of revenue converted into euro, aggregated at portfolio level (scopes 1 and 2 of the GHG Protocol)).

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain the sustainable investment objective?

The binding elements of the investment strategy used to select investments, and to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product, are:

1) at least 80% of the fund's net assets are invested in the equities of companies that are positively aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (as listed above).

- 2) The minimum levels of sustainable investments with environmental and social objectives are 5% and 35% of the fund's net assets, respectively.
- 3) The equity investment universe is actively reduced (i) by at least 20%, and (ii) by the number of companies not aligned with the sustainable development goals.
- 4) ESG analysis is applied to at least 90% of securities (excluding cash and derivatives).
- 5) Carbon emissions, as measured by carbon intensity, are 50% lower than those of the fund's reference indicator.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

To assess good governance practices, the fund uses Carmignac's proprietary ESG system ("START"), which collates automated key indicators on governance for over 7,000 companies, including: 1) percentage of independent members of the audit committee, average term of office for members of the board of directors, gender diversity on the board of directors, size of the board of directors, independence of the remuneration committee as regards sound management structures, and 2) director remuneration, sustainability incentives for directors, and the highest remuneration in terms of staff remuneration. Human resources are covered by Carmignac's "S" indicators (in particular staff satisfaction, the gender pay gap and staff turnover) within "START".

As regards tax, the fund recognises the companies in its investment universe that adhere to the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises on tax matters and encourages transparency where necessary.

Furthermore, as a signatory to the Principles for Responsible Investment ("PRI"), the management company expects the companies in which the fund invests to:

- 1) Publish a comprehensive tax policy describing the company's approach to tax responsibility;
- 2) Report on their tax governance and risk management processes to the competent authorities; and
- 3) File appropriate returns in each of the countries in which they operate (country-by-country reporting, "CBCR").

These considerations inform the management company's actions with respect to companies and its votes in favour of greater transparency, for example via support for shareholder resolutions.

What is the asset allocation and the minimum share of sustainable investments?

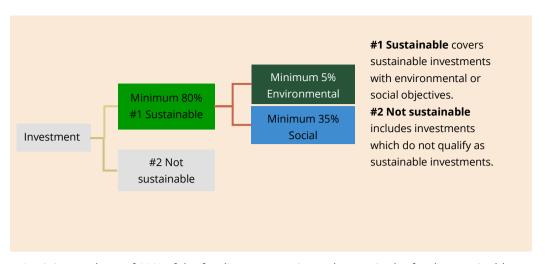


practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.



A minimum share of 80% of the fund's net assets is used to attain the fund's sustainable objective, in accordance with the binding elements of the investment strategy.

The minimum levels of sustainable investments with environmental and social objectives are 5% and 35% of the fund's net assets, respectively.

How does the use of derivatives attain the sustainable investment objective?

The fund can use derivatives with a single underlying equity, or a basket of equities, as part of its sustainable investment objective. Exclusions defined at the level of the management company are applied, and the issuers of the securities underlying these derivatives are subject to the same ESG selection process applied to direct investments.

Moreover, the fund applies a netting calculation (netting a long position against short positions in an equivalent issuer in the form of derivatives) with a view to illustrating the portfolio's ESG rating and carbon emissions and measuring adverse impacts.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



^{*} For the purpose of these graphs, "sovereign bonds" consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A.





What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy is 5% of the net assets.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

The minimum share of sustainable investments with a social objective is 35% of the net assets.



What investments are included under "#2 Not sustainable", what is their purpose and are any minimum environmental or social safeguards applied to them?

In addition to sustainable investments, the fund may invest in cash (and equivalent instruments) for cash management purposes. The fund may also invest in derivatives for hedging purposes.

To the extent that the fund takes short positions using derivatives with a single underlying, exclusions defined at the level of the management company apply. These derivatives are assessed to ensure compliance with global standards on environmental protection, human rights, employment practices and anti-corruption measures through controversy screening ("standards-based" approach). These investments are analysed on the basis of the minimum safeguards in place to ensure that their business activities comply with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.



Has a specific index been designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether the sustainable investment objective is met?

N/A.

How does the reference benchmark take into account sustainability factors in a way that is continuously aligned with the sustainable investment objective?

N/A.

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A.

- How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?
 N/A.
- Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found online on the website: www.carmignac.com, in the "Funds" and "Responsible Investment" sections.